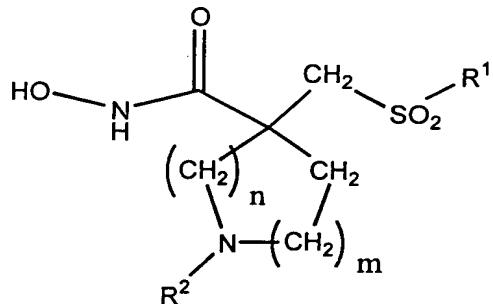


WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound corresponding to Formula I:



I

5 wherein

m is zero, 1, 2 or 3;

n is zero, 1, or 2, and the sum of m plus n  
is 1, 2 or 3;

10  $R^2$  is hydrido,  $C_1-C_8$  hydrocarbyl,  $C_1-C_6$   
hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl  $C_1-C_4$  hydrocarbyl, aryl  $C_1-C_4$   
hydrocarbyl, heteroaryl  $C_1-C_4$  hydrocarbyl, aryloxy  
 $C_1-C_4$  hydrocarbyl, or heteroarylcxy  $C_1-C_4$   
hydrocarbyl; and

15  $R^1$  is a substituent containing a 5- or 6-  
membered cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or  
heteroaryl radical bonded directly to the depicted  
SO<sub>2</sub>-group and having a length greater than about that  
of a hexyl group and less than about that of an  
20 eicosyl group, said  $R^1$  defining a three-dimensional  
volume, when rotated about an axis drawn through the  
SO<sub>2</sub>-bonded 1-position and the 4-position of a 6-  
membered ring radical or drawn through the SO<sub>2</sub>-bonded  
1-position and the center of 3,4-bond of a 5-membered

ring radical, whose widest dimension in a direction transverse to the axis of rotation is about that of one furanyl ring to about that of two phenyl rings.

5           2. The compound according to claim 1 wherein said 5- or 6-membered cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or heteroaryl radical of R<sup>1</sup> is substituted with a substituent, R<sup>3</sup>, that has a chain length of 3 to about 14 carbon atoms.

10

3. The compound according to claim 2 wherein said R<sup>3</sup> substituent is selected from the group consisting of a phenyl group, a phenoxy group, a thiophenoxy group, an anilino group, a phenylazo group, a phenylureido, a benzamido], a nicotinamido, an isonicotinamido, a picolinamido group, a heterocyclo, heterocyclohydrocarbyl, arylheterocyclohydrocarbyl, arylhydrocarbyl, heteroarylhydrocarbyl,  
15           heteroarylheterocyclohydrocarbyl, arylhydrocarbyloxyhydrocarbyl, aryloxyhydrocarbyl, hydrocarboylhydrocarbyl, arylhydrocarboylhydrocarbyl, arylcarbonylhydrocarbyl, arylazoaryl, arylhydrazinoaryl, hydrocarbylthiohydrocarbyl,  
20           hydrocarbylthioaryl, arylthiohydrocarbyl, heteroarylthiohydrocarbyl, hydrocarbylthioarylhydrocarbyl, arylhydrocarbylthiohydrocarbyl, arylhydrocarbylthioaryl, arylhydrocarbylamino,  
25           heteroarylhydrocarbylamino, and a heteroarylthio group.

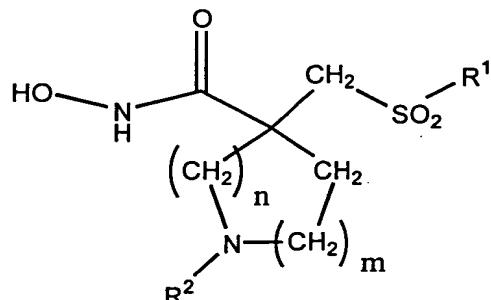
4. The compound according to claim 3

wherein said R<sup>3</sup> substituent is itself substituted by  
one or more substituents selected from the group  
consisting of a halogen, hydrocarbyl, hydrocarbyloxy,  
5 nitro, cyano, perfluorohydrocarbyl,  
trifluoromethylhydrocarbyl, hydroxy, mercapto,  
hydroxycarbonyl, aryloxy, arylthio, arylamino,  
arylhydrocarbyl, aryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio,  
heteroarylamino, heteroarylhydrocarbyl,  
10 hydrocarbyloxycarbonylhydrocarbyl, heterocycloxy,  
hydroxycarbonylhydrocarbyl, heterocyclothio,  
heterocycloamino, cyclohydrocarbyloxy,  
cyclohydrocarbylthio, cyclohydrocarbylamino,  
heteroarylhydrocarbyloxy, heteroarylhydrocarbylthio,  
15 heteroarylhydrocarbylamino, arylhydrocarbyloxy,  
arylhydrocarbylthio, arylhydrocarbylamino,  
heterocyclic, heteroaryl, hydroxycarbonyl-  
hydrocarbyloxy, alkoxy carbonyl alkoxy, hydrocarbyloyl,  
aryl carbonyl, arylhydrocarbyloyl, hydrocarboyoxy,  
20 arylhydrocarboyoxy, hydroxyhydrocarbyl,  
hydroxyhydrocarbyloxy, hydrocarbylthio,  
hydrocarbyloxyhydrocarbylthio,  
hydrocarbyloxy carbonyl,  
hydroxycarbonylhydrocarbyloxy, hydrocarbyloxy-  
25 carbonylhydrocarbyl, hydrocarbylhydroxycarbonyl-  
hydrocarbylthio,  
hydrocarbyloxy carbonylhydrocarbyloxy,  
hydrocarbyloxy carbonylhydrocarbylthio, amino,  
hydrocarbyl carbonyl amino, aryl carbonyl amino,  
30 cyclohydrocarbyl carbonyl amino,  
heterocyclohydrocarbyl carbonyl amino,  
arylhydrocarbyl carbonyl amino,  
heteroaryl carbonyl amino,

heteroarylhydrocarbylcarbonylamino,  
heterocyclohydrocarbyloxy, hydrocarbysulfonylamino,  
arylsulfonylamino, arylhydrocarbysulfonylamino,  
heteroarylsulfonylamino, heteroarylhydrocarbyl-  
5 sulfonylamino, cyclohydrocarbysulfonylamino,  
heterocyclohydrocarbysulfonylamino and N-  
monosubstituted or N,N-disubstituted aminohydrocarbyl  
group, wherein the substituent(s) on the nitrogen are  
selected from the group consisting of hydrocarbyl,  
10 aryl, arylhydrocarbyl, cyclohydrocarbyl,  
arylhydrocarbyloxycarbonyl, hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl,  
and hydrocarboyl, or wherein the nitrogen and two  
substituents attached thereto form a 5- to 8-membered  
heterocyclic or heteroaryl ring group.

15

5. A compound corresponding to Formula I:



I

20

wherein

m is zero, 1, 2 or 3;

n is zero, 1, or 2, and the sum of m plus n  
is 1, 2 or 3;

$R^2$  is hydrido,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  hydrocarbyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl  $C_1$ - $C_4$  hydrocarbyl, aryl  $C_1$ - $C_4$  hydrocarbyl, heteroaryl  $C_1$ - $C_4$  hydrocarbyl, aryloxy  $C_1$ - $C_4$  hydrocarbyl, or heteroaryloxy  $C_1$ - $C_4$  hydrocarbyl; and

$R^1$  is a substituent containing a 5- or 6-membered cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or heteroaryl radical bonded directly to the depicted  $SO_2$ -group that is itself substituted at its own 4-position when a 6-membered ring and at its own 3- or 4-position when a 5-membered ring with a substituent  $R^3$  selected from the group consisting of one other single-ringed cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or heteroaryl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{14}$  hydrocarbyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{14}$  hydrocarbyloxy group, a phenoxy group, a thiophenoxy group, a 4-thiopyridyl group, a phenylazo group, a phenylureido group, a nicotinamido group, an isonicotinamido group, a picolinamido group, an anilino group and a benzamido group.

20 6. The compound according to claim 5 wherein said  $R^1$  substituent is  $PhR^3$  in which Ph is phenyl substituted with  $R^3$  at the 4-position, and  $R^3$  is a phenyl, phenoxy, thiophenoxy, phenylazo, benzamido, anilino, nicotinamido, isonicotinamido, picolinamido or phenylureido group

7. The compound according to claim 5 wherein said  $R^1$  substituent is  $PhR^3$  in which Ph is phenyl substituted with  $R^3$  at the 4-position, and said  $R^3$  is a phenyl, phenoxy, anilino or thiophenoxy

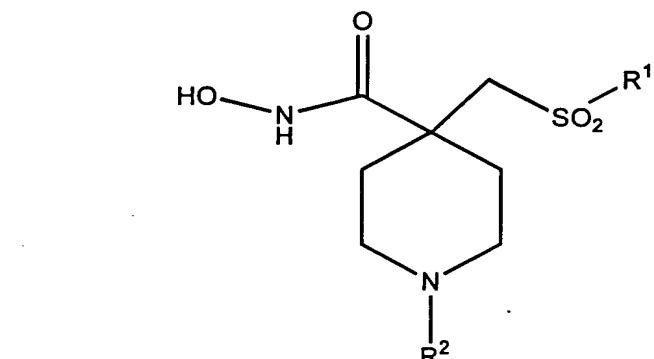
group that is optionally substituted at the meta- or para-position or both with a moiety that is selected from the group consisting of a halogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a 5 di- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbylamino group, a carboxyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxy carbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group and a carboxamido C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl group, or is 10 substituted at the meta- and para-positions by two methyl groups or by a methylenedioxy group.

8. The compound according to claim 5 wherein m is 2 and n is zero.

15

9. The compound according to claim 5 wherein m is 1 and n is 2.

20 II:



II

wherein

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, heteroaryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, aryloxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, or heteroaryloxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl; and

R<sup>1</sup> is a substituent containing a 5- or 6-membered cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or heteroaryl radical bonded directly to the depicted SO<sub>2</sub>-group that is itself substituted at its own 4-position when a 6-membered ring and at its own 3- or 4-position when a 5-membered ring with a substituent R<sup>3</sup> selected from the group consisting of one other single-ringed cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or heteroaryl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a phenoxy group, a thiophenoxy group, a 4-thiopyridyl group, a phenylazo group, a phenylureido group, a nicotinamido group, an isonicotinamido group, a picolinamido group, an anilino group and a benzamido group.

11. The compound according to claim 10 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is a single-ringed aryl or heteroaryl group that is 5- or 6-membered, and is itself substituted at its own 4-position when a 6-membered ring and at its own 3- or 4-position when a 5-membered ring with a substituent selected from the group consisting of one other single-ringed aryl or heteroaryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a phenoxy group, a thiophenoxy group, a 4-thiopyridyl group, a phenylazo group a phenylureido group and a benzamido group.

12. The compound according to claim 10  
wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl  
substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and R<sup>3</sup> is a  
5 phenyl, phenoxy, thiophenoxy, phenylazo, benzamido,  
nicotinamido, isonicotinamido, picolinamido or  
phenylureido group

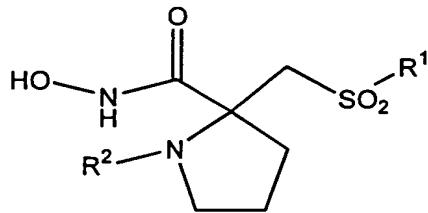
13. The compound according to claim 10  
10 wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl  
substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and said R<sup>3</sup> is  
a phenyl, phenoxy or thiophenoxy group that is  
optionally substituted at the meta- or para-position  
or both with a moiety that is selected from the group  
15 consisting of a halogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbyloxy  
group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a di- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>  
hydrocarbylamino group, a carboxyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl  
group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxy carbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>  
hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-  
20 C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group and a carboxamido C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>  
hydrocarbyl group, or is substituted at the meta- and  
para-positions by two methyl groups or by a  
methylenedioxy group.

25 14. The compound according to claim 10  
wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl  
substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and said R<sup>3</sup>  
substituent is an benzamido, nicotinamido, an  
anilino, isonicotinamido, picolinamido or  
30 phenylureido group in which said R<sup>3</sup> substituent is  
optionally substituted at its own meta- or para-

position or both with a moiety selected from the group consisting of a halogen, a nitro, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> hydrocarbyloxy, an amino and an amino-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-hydroxyalkyl group.

5

15. A compound corresponding to Formula IV:



10

IV

wherein:

15 R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, heteroaryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, aryloxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, or heteroaryloxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl; and

20 R<sup>1</sup> is a substituent containing a single aryl or heteroaryl radical bonded directly to the depicted SO<sub>2</sub>-group that is itself substituted at its own 4-position when a 6-membered ring and at its own 3- or 4-position when a 5-membered ring with a substituent selected from the group consisting of one other single-ringed aryl or heteroaryl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a phenoxy group, a thiophenoxy group, a 4-thiopyridyl

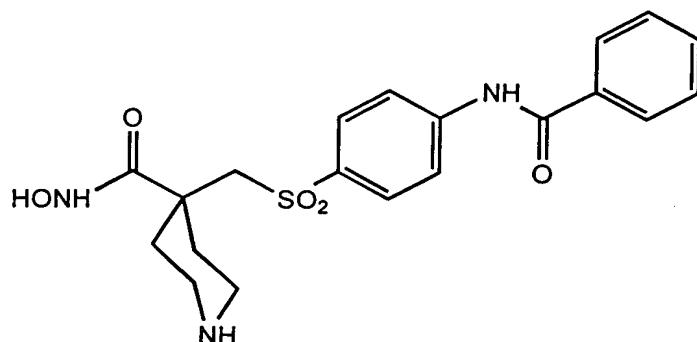
group, a phenylazo group, a phenylureido group, a nicotinamido group, an isonicotinamido group, a picolinamido group, an anilino group and a benzamido group.

5

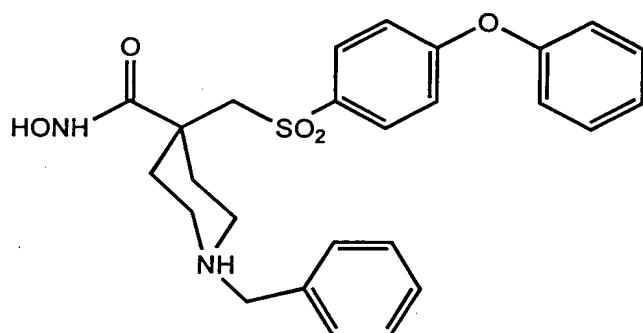
16. The compound according to claim 15 wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and R<sup>3</sup> is a phenyl, phenoxy, thiophenoxy, anilino, phenylazo, 10 benzamido, nicotinamido, isonicotinamido, picolinamido or phenylureido group.

17. The compound according to claim 15 wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl 15 substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and said R<sup>3</sup> is a phenyl, phenoxy, anilino, thiophenoxy, benzamido, nicotinamido, isonicotinamido, picolinamido or phenylureido group that is optionally substituted at the meta- or para-position or both with a moiety that 20 is selected from the group consisting of a halogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a di- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbylamino group, a carboxyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxy carbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> 25 hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group and a carboxamido C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl group, or is substituted at the meta- and para-positions by two methyl groups or by a methylenedioxy group.

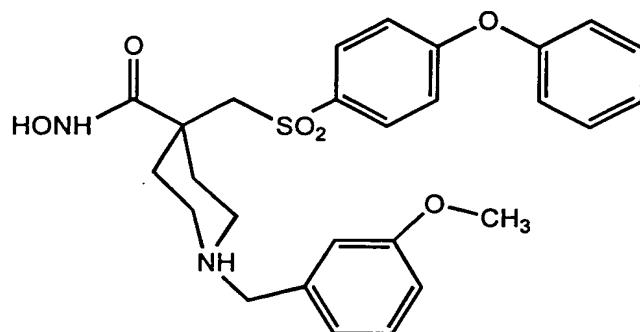
18. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula



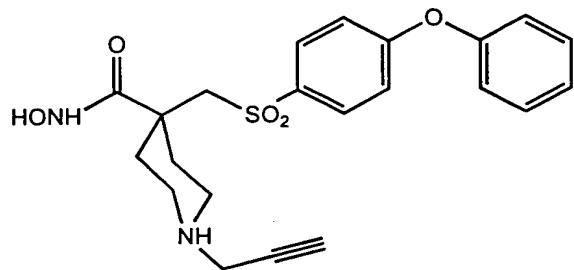
5 19. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula



10 20. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula

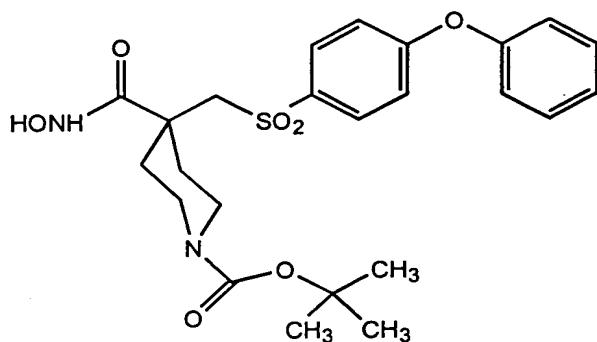


21. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula



22. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula

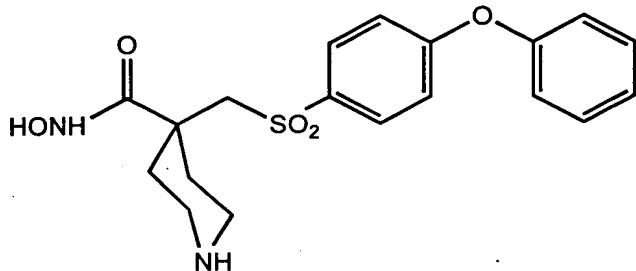
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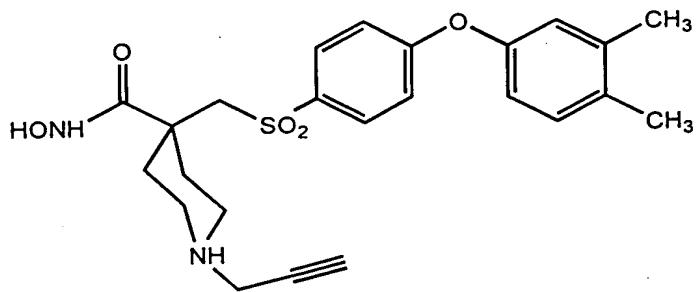
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23. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula

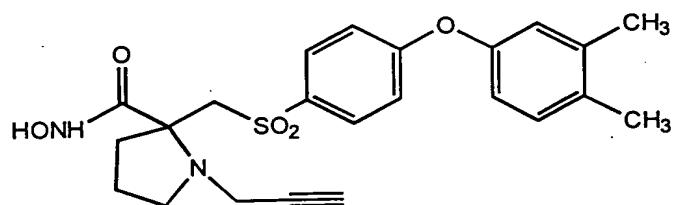
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24. A compound corresponding in structure 20 to the formula

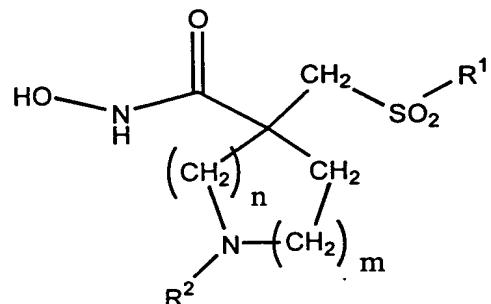


25. A compound corresponding in structure to the formula



5

26. A process for treating a host mammal having a condition associated with pathological matrix metalloprotease activity that comprises 10 administering a compound corresponding in structure to Formula I in an MMP enzyme-inhibiting effective amount to a mammalian host having such a condition:



I

15 wherein

m is zero, 1, 2 or 3;

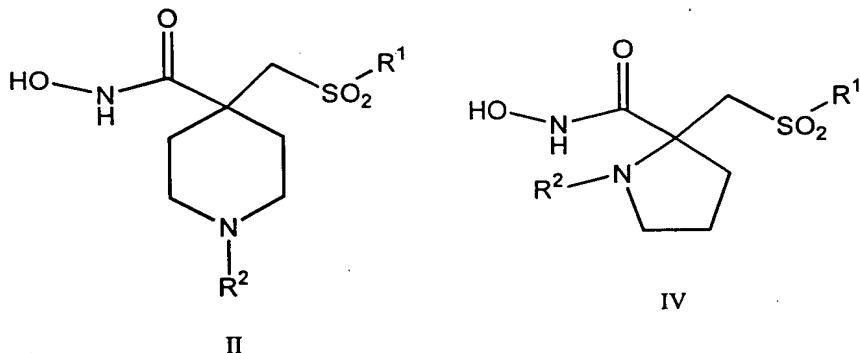
n is zero, 1, or 2, and the sum of m plus n is 1, 2 or 3;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrido, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

5 hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, heteroaryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, aryloxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl, or heteroaryloxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl; and

10 R<sup>1</sup> is a substituent containing a 5- or 6-membered cyclohydrocarbyl, heterocyclo, aryl or heteroaryl radical bonded directly to the depicted SO<sub>2</sub>-group and having a length greater than about that of a hexyl group and less than about that of an eicosyl group, said R<sup>1</sup> defining a three-dimensional 15 volume, when rotated about an axis drawn through the SO<sub>2</sub>-bonded 1-position and the 4-position of a 6-membered ring radical or drawn through the SO<sub>2</sub>-bonded 1-position and the center of 3,4-bond of a 5-membered ring radical, whose widest dimension in a direction 20 transverse to the axis of rotation is about that of one furanyl ring to about that of two phenyl rings.

27. The process according to claim 26 wherein said compound corresponds in structure to 25 either Formula II or Formula IV:



28. The process according to claim 27  
wherein R<sup>1</sup> is a single-ringed aryl or heteroaryl  
5 group that is 5- or 6-membered, and is itself  
substituted at its own 4-position when a 6-membered  
ring and at its own 3- or 4-position when a  
5-membered ring with a substituent selected from the  
group consisting of one other single-ringed aryl or  
10 heteroaryl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-  
C<sub>14</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a phenoxy group, a  
thiophenoxy group, an anilino group, a 4-thiopyridyl  
group, a phenylazo group a phenylureido group, a  
nicotinamido group, an isonicotinamido group, a  
15 picolinamido group and a benzamido group.

29. The process according to claim 27  
wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl  
substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and R<sup>3</sup> is a  
20 phenyl, phenoxy, anilino, thiophenoxy, phenylazo,  
benzamido, nicotinamido, isonicotinamido,  
picolinamido or phenylureido group.

30. The process according to claim 29  
25 wherein said R<sup>1</sup> radical is PhR<sup>3</sup> in which Ph is phenyl  
substituted with R<sup>3</sup> at the 4-position, and said R<sup>3</sup> is

a phenyl, phenoxy, anilino or thiophenoxy group that is optionally substituted at the meta- or para-position or both with a moiety that is selected from the group consisting of a halogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbyloxy group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a di- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> hydrocarbylamino group, a carboxyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxy carbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyloxy carbonyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> hydrocarbyl group and a carboxamido C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydrocarbyl group, or is substituted at the meta- and para-positions by two methyl groups or by a methylenedioxy group.

31. The process according to claim 26  
15 wherein said compound is administered a plurality of times.